## Mathematics Scope \& Sequence for Kindergarten to Grade 4

 Each strand is linked to the MathUp topics. (You can create your own path on mathup.ca to match the following scope and sequence.)
Specific Expectations are noted, as well as any cross-strand connections. Please refer to the curriculum teacher supports for further details
There should be an ongoing focus on the following expectations:

## A1: Social and Emotional Learning



## C4: Mathematical Modeling

- apply the process of mathematical modelling to represent, analyse, make predictions and provide insight into real-life situations


## B2.1 Properties and Relationships

- Gr 1: use the properties of addition and subtraction, and the relationship between addition and subtraction, to solve problems and check calculations
- Gr. 2: use the properties of addition and subtraction, and the relationship between addition and multiplication and between subtraction and division to solve problems and check calculations
- Gr. 3: use the properties of operations, and the relationship between multiplication and division, to solve problems and check calculations


## B2.2: Math Facts

- Gr. 1: recall and demonstrate addition facts for numbers up to 10, and related subtraction facts
- Gr. 2: recall and demonstrate addition facts for numbers up to 20, and related subtraction facts
- Gr. 3: recall and demonstrate multiplication facts of 2,5 , and 10 , and related division facts
- Gr. 4: recall and demonstrate multiplication facts for $1 \times 1$ to $10 \times 10$, and related division facts


## B2.3 Mental Math

- Gr. 1: Use mental math strategies, including estimation, to add and subtract whole numbers that add up to no more than 20, and explain the strategies used
- Gr. 2: use mental math strategies, including estimation, to add and subtract whole numbers that add up to no more than 50, and explain the strategies used
- Gr. 3: use mental math strategies, including estimation, to add and subtract whole numbers that add up to no more than 1000, and explain the strategies used
- Gr. 4: use mental math strategies to multiply whole numbers by 10,100 , and 1000 , divide whole numbers by 10, and add and subtract decimal tenths, and explain the strategies used
- Number Talks by Shari Parish should be used 3 times a week to reinforce math facts and fluency

1 NCDSB K-4 Mathematics Scope and Sequence 2022-2023

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Learning Goals, Success Criteria \& Descripitive Feedlack Direct instruction} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Problem-Solving Tasks \(\quad\)\begin{tabular}{c} 
Mathematical High Impact Practices include: \\
Math Conversations
\end{tabular}} \& Smal.-Group Instruction Deliberat \& Practice \(\quad\) Flexible Grupings \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{ (Hattie, 2009, National Council of Teachers of Mathematics, 2014).} \\
\hline Dates \& strands \& Kindergarten \& GRADE 1 \& GRADE 2 \& GRADE 3 \& Grade 4 \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|c|}{TERM 1 - Procress Report (August 30 - November 4)} \\
\hline \[
\text { About } 20
\]
| days \& Social-Emotion al Le Skill First 20 Days
A1 (SCDSB) A1 (SCDSB \& All activites should be planned experiences for stude \& \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
 \\
https://cubeforteachers.com/post/1gnNr3v66hMaVABpOBMigBhbFINm5dqy
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { About } 18 \\
\& \text { days }
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \({ }_{\text {s1 }}^{\text {MSN }}\) \& countin \& subitrzing
One-t-o-ne corespondence
\(\square\) Stable order: 1 is followed by 2 ...etc
\(\square\) Estimate the number in a smal set
\(\square\) Number reationships from \(0-10\)
\(\square\) Use, read, and reperesent uumbers to 10
\(\square\) subitizing: quantities to 5 without having to count \& counting
Counting foward to 50 by 1 s , \(2 \mathrm{~s}, 5 \mathrm{~s}\), and 10 s
\(\square\) Counting backward from 50
Ordinal Numbers: first, second, third \& \begin{tabular}{l}
counting \\
\(\square\) Counting forward to 200 , including by \(20 \mathrm{~s}, 25 \mathrm{~s}\), and 50 s
Counting backwards
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
SKIP COUNTING \\
\(\square\) Skip Count to 1000 , including by 50 s \\
\(\square\) Skip count backwards by \(1 \mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{~s}, 5 \mathrm{~s}, 10 \mathrm{~s}\), and 20 s starting from numbers \\
up to 200
Recognize counting patterns
\end{tabular} \& REPRESENTING WHOLE NUMEERS
Read and depresent Whelo numbers up to and including 1000 using units
of thousands hunderss or tens
Represent ummers using words
Describe various ways these numbers are used evervday \\
\hline \& \[
\begin{array}{|l|}
\hline \begin{array}{l}
\text { NsN } \\
\text { B1 } \\
\text { Paterning } \\
\text { C1, } \mathrm{C} 4
\end{array} \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] \& \begin{tabular}{l}
REPRESENTING NUMBERS \\
\(\square\) Use concrete materials to investigate counting, quantity, and number relationships
Use structured tools and numerals to represent small numbers
Identify quality and equality with the same number of objects
One-to-one correspondence
Number relationships 0-10
Use, read and represent numbers to 10
\end{tabular} \& REPRESENTING NUMBERS TO 50
Read and represent whole numbers to and including 50
Describe ways numbers are used in everyday life (postal codes, addresses, jerseys, race position...)
Compose and decompose whole numbers to and including 50
Create and describe patterns to illustrate relationships among whole numbers up to 50 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
REPRESENTING WHOLE NUMBERS \\
\(\square\) Read, represent, compose and decompose whole numbers up to and including 200
Describe what makes a number even or odd
\end{tabular} \& REPRESENTING WHOLE NUMBERS
Read, represent, compose and decompose whole numbers up to and including 1000
Use place value when describing and representing multi-digit numbers in a variety of ways, including with base ten materials
Create and describe patterns to illustrate relationships among whole numbers up to 1000 \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { ESTIMATING \& COMPARING WHOLE NUMBERS } \\
\& \square \text { Compare and order whole numbers up to and including } 10000 \\
\& \square \text { Round whole numbers to the nearest } 10,100 \text { or } 1000 \\
\& \square \text { Use mathematical modelling }
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline \& (nsw \& \begin{tabular}{l}
EStIMATING QUANTITIES
Use information to estimate the number in a small set \\
- Use 5 or 10 as a referent
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
ESTIMATING \& COMPARING WHOLE NUMBERS \\
\(\square\) Compare and order whole numbers up to and including 50 \\
\(\square\) Estimate the number of objects in collections of up to 50 , and verify their estimates by counting
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
ESTIMATING \& COMPARING WHOLE NUMBERS
Compare and order whole numbers up to and including 200:

<br>

- locate numbers on a number line \& use place value <br>
Estimate the number of objects in collections of up to 200 and verify their estimates by counting

 \& 

ESTIMATING \& COMPARING WHOLE NUMBERS <br>
$\square$ Compare and order whole numbers up to and including 1000 <br>
$\square$ Rebound whole numbers to the nearest ten or hundred <br>
$\square$ Count to 1000 , including 50 s , 100 s , and 200 s (building a number line using a scale)

 \& 

REPRESENTING DECIMAL NUMBERS \& <br>
ESTIMATING \& COMPARING DECIMAL NUMBERS <br>
$\square$ Count to 10 by halves, thirds, fourths, fifths, sixths, eights, and tenths, <br>
with and without tools <br>
$\square$ Read, represent, compare and order decimals tenths (use place value) <br>
$\square$ Describe relationships and show equivalences among fractions and decimal tenths
Round decimal numbers to the nearest whole number
\end{tabular} <br>

\hline $$
\text { About } 7
$$

days \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Patiefns \& } \\
& \text { AAgerbara } \\
& \text { C1 }
\end{aligned}
$$ \& patterns

Recognize, explore, describe, and compare patterns
Extend, translate, and create patterns using the core of a pattern
Predict what comes next
Compose patterns with 2D shapes
Investigate and describe how objects can be collected, grouped, and organized according to similarities and differences \& PATTERNS
Identify and describe the regularities in a variety of patterns, including patterns found in real life
Create and translate patterns using movements, sounds, objects, shapes, letters, and numbers
Determine pattern rules and use them to extend patterns
Make and justify predictions
Identify missing elements in patterns

Create and describe patterns to illustrate relationships among whole numbers up to 50 \& | PATTERNS |
| :--- |
| $\square$ Identify and describe a variety of patterns involving geometric designs Create and translate patterns using shapes and numbers Determine pattern rules and use them to extend patterns Make and justify predictions Identify missing elements in patterns Create and describe patterns to illustrate relationships among whole numbers up to 100 | \& PATTERNS

Identify and describe repeating elements and operations in patterns on charts and number lines
Create and translate patterns with shapes, numbers and tables of values
Determine pattern rules and use them to extend patterns
Make and justify predictions
Identify missing elements in patterns \& PATTERNS
Identify and describe repeating and growing patterns
$\square$ create and transitae repeating and growing paterns using tables of
values
Deitermingarahs
predicitions <br>
\hline \& \& \& TERM 1 AFTI \& ER Progress reports (November 7 - January 26) \& \& <br>

\hline \[
$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { About } 9 \\
& \text { days }
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& | NSN |
| :--- |
| B1, B2 |
| Algebra |
| C4 |
| Manematical |
| Modelling | \& COMPOSING \& DECOMPOSING NUMBERS

$\square$ Compose and decompose quantities to 10
$\square$ Relationships for numbers 0-10

$\square$ Use, read, and represent whole numbers to 10 \& | MEANINGS OF ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION Properties of addition: Subtracting as joining; part-part-whole |
| :--- |
| Subtracting as taking away and as comparing Relationship between addition and subtraction Use objects, diagrams, and equations to represent, describe and solve situations involving addition and subtraction of whole numbers that add up to no more than 50 more than 50 | \& meaning of addition and subtraction

Solve problems using addition and subtraction
Recognize the relationship between addition and subtraction

Use objects, diagrams, and equations to represent, describe and solve situations involving addition and subtraction of whole numbers that add up to no more than 100 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
ADDING \& SUBTRACTING NUMBERS LESS THAN 100
Relationship between addition and subtraction
Use mental math strategies, including estimation, to add and subtract <br>
whole numbers that add up to no more than 1000
Represent and solve problems involving addition and subtraction of whole numbers that add up to no more than 1000

 \& 

<br>
ADDIN \& SUETRACTTNG WHOLE NUMBERS <br>
Compose and decompose whole numbers up to and including 10 o ooo <br>
Estimate <br>
Add and subtract 4-digitit umbers and recognize the relationstip between <br>
adding and subtacting <br>
Solve and create addifion and subtraction problems
\end{tabular} <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

| Dates | Strands | kindergarten | GRADE 1 | GRADE 2 | Grade 3 | Grade 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\text { About } 7$ days | State | OMPARING MEASUREMENTS DIRECTLY Compare objects, materials and spaces in terms of their length, mass, <br> capacity, area and temperature, ex: Length of shoes <br> Height of students Weight of loose parts Explore the ways of measuring the passage of time through play | LENGTH \& TIME Compare lengths of 2D \& 3D shapes Compare everyday objects and order them by length Read the date on the calendar Identify days, weels, months, holidays and seasons | LENGTH $\square$ Measure length using non-standard units $\square$ Measure and draw lengths in cm and m and use benchmarks $\square$ Estimate lengths using standard units | LENGTH \& TIME Relationship between $\mathrm{mm}, \mathrm{cm}, \mathrm{m}$, and km Use benchmarks of units to estimate lengths Measure using various units of different sizes and recognize that different sized units produce a different count Use analog \& digital clocks and timers to tell time in hours, minutes, and seconds | ```LENGTH (link to B2 }->\times\times\mathrm{ and %)``` <br> ```Estimate and measure lengths ``` <br> ```Use metric units ``` <br> ```Apply relationships between lengths, widths, and perimeters of rectangles and regular shapes ``` |
| About 7 <br> days | ${ }_{\substack{\text { pata } \\ \text { dia }}}$ | SORTING Sort objects in multiple ways and recognize how objects can be re-sorted in everyday situations Ask questions that can be answered through data collection Collect data and make representations of their observations | COLLECTING \& ORGANIZING DATA <br> $\square$ Sort and classify data about people based on a single attribute <br> $\square$ Gather data through observations, experiments and interviews to answer <br> a question Record data using a method of their choice and create tally charts | COLLECTING \& ORGANIZING DATA/REPRESENTING DATA WITH GRAPHS <br> $\square$ Sort sets of data according to two attributes, using tables and diagrams <br> $\square$ Collect data to answer questions that focus on two pieces of information <br> $\square$ Display data using concrete graphs, simple bar graphs, pictographs and line plots Identify the mode(s) | COLLECTING, ORGANIZING \& DESCRIBING DATA Sort sets of data according to 2 or 3 attributes using tables and diagrams: <br> venn, carroll, tree Collect data to answer questions on qualitative and quantitative data Use frequency tables Determine the mean and mode(s) to D2 \& B2: Make and test predictions about the likelihood of the mean and mode(s) Multiplication facts of 2,5 , and 10 and related division facts Mental math strategies to add and subtract up to 1000 | DESCRIBING \& SUMMARIZING DATA Determine the mean, median and mode(s) Describe the relationship of the mean to the set of data k to D2: Make and test predictions about the likelihood that the mean, median, and mode(s) |
| ${ }_{\substack{\text { About } \\ \text { days }}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Financial } \\ & \text { Literacy } \\ & \text { F1 } \\ & \text { Algebra } \\ & \text { C4 } \end{aligned}$ | COMPARING QUANTITIES A numbers position in the counting sequence determines its magnitude Recognize quantity and equality by identifying and comparing sets with more, fewer, or the same number of objects One-to-one correspondence in counting and matching groups Explore different Canadian coins and their value | MONEY <br> $\square$ Identify the names and values of coins <br> $\square$ Represent money up to $\$ 50$ with coins and bills | MONEY <br> $\square$ Represent money up to $200 \phi$ or $\$ 200$ with dollar amounts using various combinations of coins and bills |  | financial literacy Identify various methods of payment to purchase goods and services Estimate and calculate the cost of multiple items in whole-dollar amounts, <br> not including sales tax Use mental math to calculate change Explain the concepts of spending, saving, earning, investing and donating Relationship between spending and saving Understand whether something is reasonably priced and therefore a good purchase |
| $\underbrace{}_{\substack{\text { About } \\ \text { days }}}$ | Number Sense \& Numeration B2 <br> Algebra <br> C1 C4: patterns Modelling | WHERE DO WE USE NUMBERS? Explore and communicate the function of numbers in a variety of <br> contexts, ex: <br> Door \#s in school <br> Bus numbers <br> House numbers Candles on a cake <br> Page numbers <br> 1st, 2nd, 3rd Canadian coins- used for and naming them Quantity of 5 | ```ADDING \& SUBTRACTING \\ \(\square\) Addition strategy of counting on \\ \(\square\) Subtraction strategies of counting on or counting back``` <br> ```Solve problems ``` <br> ```Count on to 50 by \(1 \mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{~s}, 5 \mathrm{~s}\), and 10 s ``` <br> ```Recall addition facts up to 10 and related subtraction facts ``` <br> ```Mental Math strategies up to 20 ``` <br> ```Represent and solve equal-group problems where the total number is no more than 10 ``` | ```ADDING \& SUBTRACTING SMALL NUMBERS \\ Recall and demonstrate addition facts for numbers up to 20, and related subtraction facts: Doubles \[ \begin{aligned} & \text { Doubles }+1 \text { or }-1 \\ & \text { Making } 10 \end{aligned} \]``` | ADDING \& SUBTRACTING GREATER NUMBERS $\square$ Mental math strategies: estimating and adding/subtracting $\square$ Understand algorithms to add 3-digit numbers $\square$ Represent and solve problems | ADDING \& SUBTRACTING DECIMAL NUMBERS Add and subtract decimal tenths using place value Describe patterns to illustrate relationships among whole numbers and decimal tenths Solve and create problems that involve adding and subtracting decimals |
| ${ }_{\substack{\text { About } \\ \text { days }}}$ | Data <br>  <br> interpreting Dat | DATA COLLECTION \& GRAPHING Pose questions to collect data Collect, organize, display and interpret data to solve problems Represent data using graphs Interpret and draw conclusions presented in graphs Ask questions that can be answered through data | DISPLAYTNG \& ITTERPRETNG DATA Display data on concrete graphs and pictographs using: <br> - a scale of 1 <br> - $\quad$ titles <br> $\begin{array}{ll}\text { - } & \begin{array}{l}\text { labels } \\ \text { proper sources }\end{array}\end{array}$ Read and interpret graphs, pictographs and tally charts by answering questions about the data and drawing conclusions | INTERPRETING DATA Read and interpret concrete graphs, pictographs, line plots, and bar graphs Pose and answer questions about and draw conclusions from data | DISPLAYING \& INTERPRETING DATA Collect data to answer questions that focus on qualitative and quantitative data Organize data into frequency tables Display data in pictographs and bar graphs, using titles, labels, and scales Anaylse sets of data in various ways k to B2: Use the ratios of 1:2, 1:5, 1:10 to scale up numbers and to solve problems | DIS Describe the difference between qualitative and quantitative data Collect data from primary and secondary sources to answer questions <br> that compare two or more sets of data Use frequency tables Create and interpret stem-and-leaf plots and multiple bar graphs, using titles, labels and appropriate scales Analyse different sets of data presented in various ways, by drawing conclusions |
| ${ }_{\substack{\text { About } \\ \text { days }}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Geometry } 8 \\ & \text { Spatial } \\ & \text { Reasoning } \\ & \text { E1 } \\ & \text { Algebra } \\ & \text { C4: } \\ & \text { Mathematica } \\ & \text { Modelling } \end{aligned}$ | SIMPLE OBJECTS Describe, built, sort, classify and compare 3D figures Compare the attributes of 3D figures Investigate and explain the relationship between 2D and 3D figures in objects they have made | LOCATION \& MOVEMENT Describe the locations of objects or people using positional language Give directions for moving from one location to another Create concrete maps | LOCATION \& MOVEMENT Create and interpret simple maps of familiar places (Lesson 1-Coding) Describe the relative positions of several objects and the movements need to get from one object to another | LOCATION \& MOVEMENT Give and follow multi-step instructions involving movement from one location to another Include distances and $1 / 2$ and $1 / 4$ turns | LOCATIONS \& TRANSFORMATIONS Plot and read coordinates in the first quadrant of a Cartesian plane Describe translations that move a point from one coordinate to another Describe and perform translations and reflections on a grid |
| ${ }_{\substack{\text { About } \\ \text { days }}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Geometry \& } \\ & \text { Spatial } \\ & \text { Reasoning } \\ & \text { E1 } \\ & \\ & \text { Algebra } \\ & \text { C4: } \\ & \text { Mathematical } \\ & \text { Modelling } \end{aligned}$ | LOCATION \& MOVEMENT Use positional language and vocabulary to describe the location and movement of objects through investigation Identify slides, flips and turns Compose pictures, designs, shapes and patterns using 2D shapes | SYMMETRY \& SORTING SHAPES Sort 2D shapes according to one attribute Identify sorting rules Identify lines of symmetry Identify and create symmetrical shapes and designs | DESCRIBING \& SORTING SHAPES Sort and identify 2D shapes by comparing number of sides, side lengths, <br> angles, and number of lines of symmetry Identify congruent lengths and angles in 2D shapes Determine if shapes are congruent | PERIMETER Use units of length to estimate, measure and compare the perimeters of polygons and curved shapes Construct polygons with a given perimeter Recognize that shapes can have the same perimeter but look different | TIME (E2) $\square$ Compare, estimate and determine elapsed time $\square$ Solve problems involving elapsed time by applying the relationship between different units of time (second, minute, hour, day, week...etc) |

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Dates \& Strands \& Kindergarten \& GRADE 1 \& GRADE 2 \& GRADE 3 \& Grade 4 \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|c|}{TERM 2 (January 30 - June)} \\
\hline \[
\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned}
\& \text { About } \\
\& \text { days }
\end{aligned}\right.
\] \& \[
\begin{array}{|l|l|}
\hline \text { NSN } \\
\text { B2 } \\
\text { Algebra } \\
\mathrm{C1}
\end{array}
\] \& \& represent and solve equal-group problems where the total number of items is no more than 10 , including problems in which each group is a half, using tools and drawings \& INTRODUCING MULTIPLICATION \& DIVISION
Represent multiplication as repeated equal groups
Represent division of up to 12 items as the equal sharing of a quantity
Solve problems \& \begin{tabular}{l}
REPRESENTING MULTIPLICATION \& DIVISION
Relationship between multiplication and division to solve and check \\
problems
Represent multiplication of numbers up to \(10 \times 10\) and divisions up to 100 \\
\(\div 10\)
Use of arrays and repeating addition
Solving problems that involve \(1 / 2,1 / 4\) and \(1 / 3\), using tools and drawings
to C 1 : Sharing
Recognize patterns in multiplying and dividing
Describe patterns among whole numbers up to 1000
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
smple mutiplication \& division \\
\(\square\) Recall multiplication facts for \(1 \times 1\) to \(10 \times 10\), and related division facts \\
\(\square\) Show simple multiplicative relationships involving whole-number rates \\
\(\square\) Solve problems that compare two amounts
Describe situations and solve problems
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \[
\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned}
\& \text { About } 6 \\
\& \text { days }
\end{aligned}\right.
\] \& \({ }_{\substack{\text { Probability } \\ \text { D2 }}}\) \& PRobablitir
Explore the concept of probability in everyday contexts
Discuss and consider the likelihood of events \& PROBABILITY
\(\square\) Likelihood of an event: impossible, possible, and certain
\(\square\) Make predictions and informed decisions
\(\square\) Make and test predictions about the likelihood of everyday events \& \begin{tabular}{l}
рrobablutr \\
\(\square\) Likelihood of an event: impossible, possible, and certain \\
\(\square\) Make and test predictions about the likelihood that the mode will be the same for data from a different population
\end{tabular} \& PROBABILITY
Likelihood of an event: impossible, unlikely, equally likely, likely and certain
Make predictions and informed decisions
Relate fairness \& \begin{tabular}{l}
probablitr \\
\(\square\) Likelihood of an event:: impossible, unlikely, equally likely, likely and certain \\
\(\square\) Represent likelihoods on a probability line and use it to make predictions and informed decisions
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \({ }_{\substack{\text { About } \\ \text { days }}}\) \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { Spatial } \\
\& \text { Reasoning } \\
\& \text { F2 }
\end{aligned}
\] \& \& \& \& \begin{tabular}{l}
AREA
Estimate and measure area using units of different shapes
Compare the area of 2 D shapes by matching, covering, or decomposing \\
and recomposing the shapes
Demonstrate that different shapes can have the same area
Non-standard units to measure area
Use cm 2 and m 2 to estimate, measure and compare the area of 2 D shapes, includes those with curved sides
\end{tabular} \& AREA
Use rows and columns to measure the areas of rectangles
Develop and apply the formula for the area of a rectangle
Find unknown measurements when given two of the three sides \\
\hline \({ }_{\substack{\text { About } \\ \text { days }}}\) \& \begin{tabular}{l} 
Spatial Sense \\
E2 \\
Algabra \\
\begin{tabular}{l} 
Atain \\
Cintemitaal \\
Modedlling
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& SIMPLE SHAPES
Describe, sort, classify, build, and compare 2D shapes through investigation
Explore, sort and compare the attributes and properties of traditional and non-tradition 2 D shapes
Predict and explore reflective symmetry in 2D shapes
Investigate and describe how objects can be collected, grouped and organized according to similarities and differences \& AREA, CAPACITY \& MASS
Identify measurable attributes of 2D shapes and 3D objects, including area, mass, capacity, and angle
Compare everyday objects and order them according to area, mass, and capacity \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { TIME } \\
\& \square \text { Measure time using non-standard units } \\
\& \square \text { Measure time in seconds and minutes } \\
\& \square \text { Relate seconds, minutes and hours }
\end{aligned}
\] \& MASS \& CAPACITY
Use non-standard units to estimate, measure and compare capacity and mass
Explain the effect that overfilling or underfilling, and gaps between units, have on accuracy
Use a pan balance for mass
Use various units to measure the same attribute and demonstrate that the size of the attribute remains the same even though there is a different count \& MASS
Explain the relationship between g and kg as metric units of mass and compare them
Use benchmarks of g and kg to estimate mass
Choose appropriate tools and units to measure mass \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|c|}{MARCH Break} \\
\hline \({ }_{\substack{\text { About } \\ \text { days }}}\) \& \begin{tabular}{l} 
Spatial Sense \\
E2 \\
Algabra \\
\begin{tabular}{l} 
At \\
Mathemitical \\
Modedling
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \& \& \& \begin{tabular}{l}
capacir \\
Continue above if needed
\end{tabular} \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { CAPACITY } \\
\& \square \text { Explain the relationship between litres and millilitres } \\
\& \square \text { Use } \mathrm{L} \text { and } \mathrm{mL} \text { as benchmarks to estimate } \\
\& \square \text { Choose appropriate units and tools to measure capacity }
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
About 10 \\
days \\
+9days- \\
Gr. 4
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
\(\underset{\substack{\text { NsN } \\ \text { B2 }}}{ }\) \\
B2 \\
\(\underset{\substack{\text { Altegra } \\ \text { C1. } 1.14}}{ }\)
\end{tabular} \& ADDING \& SUBTRACTING
Investigate addition and subtraction in everyday experiences and routines
Use modelling strategies, manipulatives and counting \& Return to adding and subtracting
Addition strategy of counting on
Subtraction strategies of counting on or counting back
Solve problems
Count on to 50 by \(1 \mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{~s}, 5 \mathrm{~s}\), and 10 s
Recall addition facts up to 10 and related subtraction facts
Mental Math strategies up to 20
Represent and solve equal-group problems where the total number is no more than 10 \& ADDING \& SUBTRACTING 2-DIGIT NUMBERS; SOLVING PROBLEMS
Use mental math strategies, including estimation, to add and subtract whole numbers up to 50
Explain strategies used; place value with base ten blocks
Solve addition and subtraction of whole numbers that add up to no more than 100 \& MULTIPLYING \& DIVIDING
Relationship between multiplying and dividing to solve and check calculations
Recall multiplication facts of \(2,5,10\), and related division facts
Represent multiplication of numbers up to \(10 \times 10\) and divisions up to 100
\(\div 10\)
Use the ratios of 1:2, 1:5, and 1:10 to solve problems
to \(\mathbf{C 1}\) : Sharing
Recognize patterns in multiplying and dividing
Describe patterns among whole numbers up to 1000 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
USING PLACE VALUE TO MULTIPLY \& DVIIDE
Use mental math strategies to multiply whole numbers by 10,100 and 1000
Divide whole numbers by 10
Represent and solve problems involving the multiplication of two- or three-digit whole numbers by 10,100 and 1000 \\
MORE COMPLEX MULTIPLICATION \& DIVISION
Estimate and solve problems products and quotients involving one-digit and two-digit numbers
Solve problems involving dividing two-digit or three-digit numbers by one-digit whole numbers; express any remainder as a fraction
Use arrays
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \({ }_{\substack{\text { About } \\ \text { days }}}\) \& \({ }_{\substack{\text { Algebra } \\ \text { c3, } \\ \text { E1 }}}\) \& COMPOSING \& DECOMPOSING SHAPES \& OBJECTS
Describe and build \(2 D \& 3 D\) shapes \& CODING
Create code to sequence movements and execute code that involves sequential events
Alter code and describe how changes to the code affect the outcomes
E1: Give and follow directions moving from one location to another \& \begin{tabular}{l}
LOCATION, MOVEMENT, AND CODING \\
\(\square\) Create maps and use them to describe relative position and movement \\
\(\square\) Create and execute code for sequential and concurrent movements
Solve problems by writing and executing code
\end{tabular} \& CODING
Create and execute code for sequential, concurrent and repeating events (link to E1- Location and Movement)
Repeat and alter code (link to C2-variables)
Describe how changes to the code affect the outcomes \& \begin{tabular}{l}
CODING (links to Patterning \& Location \& Movement) \\
\(\square\) Create and execute code for sequential, concurrent, repeating, and nested events
Read and alter code
Describe how changes to the code affect the outcomes

\end{tabular} <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

| Dates | strands | Kindergarten | GRADE 1 | GRADE 2 | GRADE 3 | Grade 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| About 7 days | NSN <br> B1, B2 <br> Algebra C4: <br> Mathematical Modelling |  | FRACTIONS Represent halves and fourths of simple shapes Recognize that one half and two fourths of the same whole are equal Use drawings to compare and order unit fractions representing the individual portions that result when a whole is shared by different numbers of sharers, up to a maximum of 10 use drawings to represent and solve fair-share problems that involve 2 and 4 sharers and have remainders of 1 or 2 | FRACTIONS Model and compare fair-share situations (up to 6 sharers) Represent whole numbers, mixed numbers, and fractional amounts Recognize that one third and two sixths of the same whole are equal | FRACTIONS Represent, solve and compare fair-share problems up to 20 items among $2,3,4,5,6,8$, and 10 sharers Whole numbers, mixed numbers and fractional amounts Equivalent fractions that involve halves, fourths, and eighths; thirds and sixths; and fifths and tenths <br> Link to B2: Multiplying and Dividing: Represent the connection between the numerator of a fraction and the repeated addition of the unit fraction <br> Link to C1: Patterns in numbers | REPRESENTING FRACTIONS Represent fractions from halves to tenths (i.e. on a number line) Explain the meaning of the denominator and numerator Count to 10 by halves, thirds, fourths, fifths, sixths, eighths, and tenths, with and without tools <br> Link to B2: Multiplying \& Dividing: Represent the relationship between the repeated addition of a unit fraction and the multiplication of that unit fraction by a whole number |
| About 4 days | NSN <br> B1 <br> Algebra <br> C4: <br> Mathematical <br> Modelling |  |  |  |  | COMPARING \& ORDERING FRACTIONS Represent fractions from halves to tenths Explain the meaning of the denominator and numerator Use drawings and models to represent, compare, and order fractions Compare fair-share situations |
| About 6 days | Algebra <br> C2, C4 <br> NSN <br> B2 |  | ALGEBRA Variables: Identify quantities that can change and quantities that always remain the same in real-life contexts Explore equivalent relationships involving addition and subtraction for whole numbers up to 50 | ALGEBRA Symbols as variables Equality as balance; show that both expressions describe the same amount Identify and use equivalent relationships for whole numbers up to 100 | ALGEBRA Describe how variables are used and use them in various contexts Determine whether sets of addition, subtraction, multiplication or division expressions are equivalent or not Identify and use equivalent relationships for whole numbers up to 1000 Determine missing values in addition and subtraction equations | ALGEBRA Identify and use symbols as variables in expressions and equations Solve equations that involve whole numbers up to 50 Solve inequalities that involve addition and subtraction of whole numbers up to 20 and graph the solutions |
| About9 | Geometry \& Spatial Sense E1 | USING NON-STANDARD UNITS TO MEASURE Everyday situations Select an attribute to measure, determine an appropriate non-standard unit of measure and measure/compare 2 or more objects | 3D OBJECTS Sort 3D objects according to one attribute Identify sorting rules Construct 3D objects and identify 2D shapes contained within the structures/objects Construct and describe 3D objects that have matching halves | COMPOSING AND DECOMPOSING SHAPES Compose and decompose 2D shapes Show the area of a shape remains constant | WORKING WITH 3D OBJECTS; REPRESENTING 3D OBJECTS Sort, construct, and identify cubes, prisms, pyramids, cylinders, and cones by comparing faces, edges, vertices, and angles Compose and decompose structures Identify 2D shapes and 3D objects in structures Identify congruent lengths, angles, and faces of 3D objects Construct skeletons and nets of 3D objects | SHAPES \& ANGLES (E2) Identify angles and classify then as right, straight, acute or obtuse Identify geometric properties of rectangles, including the number of right angles, parallel and perpendicular sides, and lines of symmetry |
| About 20 | Social-Emotion al Learning Skills <br> Last 20 Days <br> A1 (SCDSB) |  | PURPOSE: <br> Consolidate our application of the mathematical processes, with a focus on connecting, reasoning and proving, communicating, and reflecting <br> Practice self-assessment skills <br> Engage in games and tasks that support mental math strategies, and the understanding and recall of math facts <br> - Identify and manage emotions <br> - Recognize sources of stress and cope with challenges <br> - Maintain positive motivation and perseverance <br> - Build relationships and communicate effectively <br> - Develop self-awareness and sense of identity <br> - Think critically and creatively <br> https://cubeforteachers.com/post/bGee5mhDztXJ6SUzhYZ9fc501EXu8Hkv |  |  |  |

